



Public Safety Department

Report for Calendar Year 2025

Compliance Document for *Crime Awareness and Fire Safety Report*

October 1, 2026

Introduction

This report and information is provided as part of College of the Atlantic's commitment to safety and security on campus and is the compliance document for the Jeanne Clery Campus Safety Act of 1990.

Part I contains statistics concerning specific crimes reported to campus public safety authorities or local police agencies that we are required to report to the Department of Education. The reporting requirements for the DOE are very specific and very limited in scope. Therefore, COA has also voluntarily decided to share additional information reported to us that falls outside of those federal definitions that we believe is important for those in our community to know about. These will be included in an addendum at the end of this report.

Part II will contain summaries of, or references to, policies as they relate to campus security and services provided by COA, including sexual misconduct and missing person notification.

Part III will contain information about fire safety and statistics.

PART I: Statistics

Federally reportable statistics concerning specific crimes and disciplinary referrals reported during the years of 2023, 2024, and 2025.

The policy for reporting annual disclosure of crime statistics: The full report of these statistics can be seen here: ope.ed.gov/security. The *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer*, in cooperation with local law enforcement agencies, Student Life staff, and the *Title IX Coordinator*, gathers and reports the relevant campus data. Data included in the table below includes crimes occurring on campus, and arrest and referral statistics reported to designated campus officials (including, but not limited to: program directors, deans, faculty, and those with supervisory responsibility for students). Campus counselors and medical providers are not required to report but are encouraged to share information about reporting and options for campus and legal action when they feel it is in the best interest of their client. This report is made available to the campus community on an annual basis by email. Paper copies can be obtained by asking the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* or the *Dean of Student Life*. Prospective community members can contact the Office of Admission or the *Administrative Dean* for copies.

Notes on Definitions Under Venue: On-campus refers to property owned by the college at 105 Eden Street in Bar Harbor. Non-campus building or property refers to property owned or operated by the college in the greater Mount Desert Island area (including off-campus residential property, farms, and islands), public property refers to town property immediately adjacent to campus, such as sidewalks.

2025 College of the Atlantic Statistics						
Offense	Year	College of the Atlantic Campus – Clery Geography				
		On Campus			Non-Campus Building or Property	Public Property
		Student Housing Facilities	Other	ON CAMPUS TOTAL		
CRIMINAL OFFENSES						
Murder/ Non-Negligent Manslaughter	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	1	0
Fondling	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	1	0	1	1	0
	2023	4	0	4	0	0
Incest	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	2025	0	0	0	0	0

	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
ARRESTS						
Liquor Law Violations	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS						
Liquor Law Violations	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	2	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0

Illegal Weapons Possession	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) OFFENSES						
Domestic Violence	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	1	0
Dating Violence	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	1	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	1	0
	2023	0	1	1	0	0

	2024	2023	2022
Total Unfounded Crimes	0	0	0

Hate Crime Reporting

In compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Safety Act, institutions are required to disclose statistics for reported hate crimes that occur on campus, in or on non-campus buildings or property, and on public property immediately adjacent to campus.

For the calendar years 2023, 2024, and 2025, College of the Atlantic received no reports of hate crimes occurring in any Clery-reportable location.

Statistical Reporting and Definition Under the Clery Act

Reporting of statistics under the Clery Act uses federal offense definitions that allow comparability across campuses/locations, regardless of the state/location in which the campus is located. These definitions are as follows:

Criminal Offenses

1. **Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter** is defined as the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.
2. **Negligent Manslaughter** is defined as the killing of another person through gross negligence.
3. **Rape** is the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the Complainant.
4. **Fondling** is the touching of the private body parts of another person (buttocks, groin, breasts) for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person's will (non-consensually) or not forcibly or against the person's will in instances where the Complainant is incapable of giving consent because of age or because of temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
5. **Incest** is nonforcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by Maine law.
6. **Statutory Rape** is nonforcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent. In Maine this is sixteen-years-old.
7. **Aggravated Assault** is an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Simple assaults are excluded.
8. **Arson** is any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.
9. **Burglary** is the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. Attempted forcible entry is included.
10. **Robbery** is the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.
11. **Motor Vehicle Theft** is the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. A motor vehicle is self-propelled and runs on the surface and not on rails. Motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment are specifically excluded from this category.

Arrests and Disciplinary Referrals

The Clery Act requires institutions collect statistics for violations of state law and or ordinances for drug, alcohol and weapons violations.

1. **Liquor Law Violations:** The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)
2. **Illegal Weapons Possession:** The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.
3. **Drug Law Violations:** Violations of State and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: Opium or Cocaine and their derivatives (Morphine, Heroin, Codeine); synthetic narcotics (Demerol, Methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (Barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) Offenses

1. **Domestic Violence** is a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common; by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.
2. **Dating Violence** is violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
3. **Stalking** is engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:
 - a. fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or

- b. suffer substantial emotional distress.
 - i. Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person's property.
 - ii. Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.
 - iii. A reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.

Hate Crimes

The Clery Act requires institutions collect crime statistics for Hate Crimes associated with either the commission of a primary crime or the lesser offenses of larceny-theft, simple assault, intimidation, destruction of or vandalism of a building or property. A Hate Crime is a criminal offense that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim, based on their race, national origin, gender, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity, or disability.

1. **Larceny-theft** is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.
2. **Simple Assault** is an unlawful physical attack by one person on another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.
3. **Intimidation** means to unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual attack. Includes cyberintimidation if the victim is threatened on Clery geography.
4. **Destruction, damage or vandalism of property** means to willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of the property.

PART II: Safety and Security Policies and Information

COA students, faculty, and staff regularly discuss the expectations we have for each other and our community. These expectations include an understanding that being a small institution gives us the opportunity to know each other well and to care for and about each other. This understanding contributes to a culture permeated by mutual respect and responsibility for self and others.

Our institutional values include a strong emphasis on openness and accessibility of spaces and shared community resources, paired with an understanding that we are all responsible for ensuring that those spaces and resources remain safe and secure. In our small community, we do this partly by encouraging individual members to recognize and confront problematic behavior, to pass along relevant information and to report problems or safety concerns. Our small community also supports us recognizing those who are regularly part of our community and those who may be new. This helps us with early identification of potentially problematic individuals or situations.

These expectations and values permeate our institution and are presented on our website (coa.edu), are discussed at All-College Meeting, and in campus houses on an annual basis. Discussions of community expectations include information about how to prevent or reduce the opportunity for theft and/or other criminal activity related to people or property. Other prevention related information is disseminated as appropriate given the seasonal nature of some of this activity within our wider community. We know that when we look out for ourselves and each other, we are all safer.

Public Safety is overseen by Dan Daigle, *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer*. Public Safety provides services in the student residence areas and other areas on campus. Buildings and Grounds staff function as public safety during the day. COA employs two night watchperson that assist students throughout the evening and early morning hours, seven days a week. Night watch conducts a number of building safety checks each evening and are available to help students at any time.

Public safety services can be obtained by calling the **Campus Emergency Line: 207-288-9001** or by calling ext. 5690 from a campus phone. The emergency line rings on campus and then will forward to a cell phone. Night watch can be reached by calling ext. 5800 from a campus phone and by calling 207-288-2944 and then ext. 5800.

Public Safety at COA does not have authority to arrest. COA contacts local, county, and state agencies when needed. The College has a very good working relationship with all law enforcement agencies.

Access to Academic Buildings and Residence Halls:

COA strives to encourage an environment that balances a strong sense of community with safety. Academic buildings are open for use by community members during academic terms and other periods of college operations. Campus residences are open to those living in them. Guests and visitors are expected to be escorted in residences at all times as outlined in the Residential Student Housing Contract. Any individual deemed to be problematic by Residence Life staff can be removed from campus residences at any time.

Timely Warnings and Immediate Notifications:

The decision to send a timely warning is made on a case by case basis. In the event that a situation arises, either on- or off-campus, that, in the collective judgment of the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer*, the *Dean of Student Life*, and/or the *President* (or their designees) constitutes a serious and/or continuing threat, a campus wide "timely warning" will be issued. The warning will be issued through any of the following: the college's email system, website, mass notification system provided by E2campus, dissemination through residence life systems or other appropriate methods.

Upon confirmation of a significant campus emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health and safety of the campus community, we will initiate the emergency notification process to send an Emergency Notification. The group above will take into account the safety of the community, determine who needs to be notified, the content of the message, and send notification unless the notification will compromise efforts to address the emergency.

All community members are encouraged to opt into the emergency notification system by registering their email address, cell phone number, home number, and having the program added to any computer you use on the COA network.

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning or immediate notification should report the circumstances to the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* (207-288-9001- anytime) or the *Dean of Student Life* (207-801-5670 - daytime; 207-266-5890 - after hours).

Reporting Crime on a Voluntary Confidential Basis for Inclusion in Crime Statistics:

Those who have witnessed or been victim of criminal actions may report to the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* or the *Dean of Student Life* to discuss options and to have their report included in annual statistics. All information reported is kept confidential except when it is deemed to pertain to an active threat to the community. Under such circumstances, the confidentiality of the report is maintained to the greatest extent possible.

Education on Safety Procedures:

Annually, safety and security procedures are covered comprehensively at incoming student orientation. In addition information outlining safety and security protocols is available on the COA website. The *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* attends residential house meetings to present information about security and safety awareness programs to all residential students. Additional information is provided to students during the term by the *Director of Residence Life, Dean of Student Life*, and RAs. Updated information on safety and security issues are also disseminated to the community as necessary throughout the year.

COA has additional policies relating to the safety and security of students while on campus. Most of the policies are found online by searching Community Policies (coa.edu/policies/community-policies). Some of these policies include:

- A. Drug and Alcohol
- B. Weapons and Firearms
- C. Sexual Misconduct
- D. Hazing
- E. Emergency Response and Notification
- F. Missing Persons

A. Drug and Alcohol Use and Prevention Information***Alcohol Policy:***

COA is required to comply with the Drug Free Campuses Act, as well as the laws of the State of Maine, which include but are not limited to:

- Individuals must be 21 years old to purchase, possess, or consume alcohol in the state of Maine.
- Persons under 21 years of age may not purchase, consume, possess, or transport alcoholic beverages.
- It is illegal to present false identification, either written or oral, in the attempt to procure alcoholic beverages.
- No person may furnish, procure, or deliver alcohol to a minor or allow any minor in his/her control to drink alcohol.
- No person may furnish, procure, or deliver alcohol to/for an intoxicated person.
- Only licensed liquor dealers may sell alcoholic beverages in Maine.
- Charging admission to parties where alcoholic beverages are available "free" is illegal.
- No person may drink alcohol while operating a motor vehicle. In addition, an excessive blood alcohol level (0.08) could result in a suspension of your driver's license and/or a fine. If you are under 21 years old, the state considers you intoxicated if your blood alcohol level reaches 0.02.
- The consumption of alcoholic beverages in public places is illegal without

a special license or permit issued by Maine state officials.

In order for COA to comply with these laws and to maintain a safe campus, the following policy has been enacted:

- All COA students, staff, and faculty are personally responsible for complying with Maine state and local laws regarding consumption, sale, transportation, and procurement of alcohol.
- Individuals under the influence of alcohol will be held fully accountable for their actions, including physical or verbal abuse to individuals, or any action resulting in damage to personal or college property. Intoxication is not an acceptable defense or excuse for disorderly conduct.
- Making reference to alcohol is discouraged in campus advertisements or announcements for social events.
- Consumption of alcohol is prohibited in spaces regularly frequented by the public, including but not limited to Blair Dining Hall; Thorndike Library; Gates Community Center; Deering Common, access ways to buildings; parking lots and drives, hallways, lobbies, and common areas of buildings; formal gardens; and at all COA functions except under conditions noted below.
- At the discretion of the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* or his delegate, any individual who is potentially disruptive or impaired by alcohol must cease his/her behavior upon request.
- Consumption of alcohol in campus housing is only permitted by residents 21 or older, in private student rooms in housing not designated as substance free. Alcohol is not permitted to be stored in common spaces. Any student storing alcohol in a student room will be held responsible for any consequences resulting from the consumption of that alcohol whether by themselves or others. The household and the Resident Advisor will determine further guidelines, with the assistance of the housing office as needed. The household policy must be in accordance with the community guidelines and all members of the household are to share in the responsibility of upholding the policy.
- Alcohol may only be served or consumed at COA sponsored private events (events closed to the general public) by individuals 21 and over when a licensed bartender has been hired for the event and has obtained the necessary permits from local and state agencies. Organizers of events should consult with the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* to ensure proper precautions and safeguards have been taken. Examples include receptions for trustees, parents, seniors, closed parties for COA students, faculty, and staff where minors are not allowed to bring or consume alcohol.
- Social functions which provide alcohol must also have a sufficient quantity of non-alcoholic beverages and food available at all times and displayed prominently

Any community member violating this policy will be held accountable through measures that may include a warning or referral to appropriate social misconduct or personnel procedures. Complaints of social misconduct can be brought through the offices of either the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* or the *Dean of Student Life*. Violations of Maine laws occur at the risk of the individuals involved - and are not the responsibility of the College.

Drug-free Workplace and Campus Policy:

College of the Atlantic, in compliance with and in support of the Drug-free Workplace Act of 1988 and other Federal and State laws, hereby notifies all employees and students that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of controlled substances is prohibited at COA. Individuals will be prosecuted through either the College's internal policies and/or local law enforcement agencies.

Drug and Alcohol Education and Prevention Programs:

COA encourages students to make informed and healthy choices related to drug and alcohol use. Our Wellness program offers proactive and preventative wellness updates about drug and alcohol use and abuse as well as how these issues may connect to or exacerbate other health concerns. We encourage students to talk about and self-assess their patterns to determine if their patterns of behavior are healthy and supportive to being a successful student. Information is provided during new student orientation related to alcohol safety. In addition for students who have self-identified or for those whom we have identified as struggling with or having questions about these issues, counseling dedicated to drug, alcohol, and/or addiction issues offered by a licensed drug and alcohol counselor (LDAC) are available by contacting Student Life. This counseling offers students a confidential space in which to talk about their own struggles or those of friends or family members. The counselor as well as the nurses in the campus clinic can help students access medical support through our local community partners and providers. In addition, information about local community resources such as Alcoholics Anonymous/ Narcotics Anonymous (AA/NA); Alateen, and Alanon meetings are provided to students with other Wellness information.

B. Weapons and Firearms

COA seeks to create and maintain a safe and secure environment in which to learn, work, and live. We believe that those in our community expect and will endeavor to keep each other safe and will refrain from engaging in behavior that will endanger others. COA prohibits the possession of weapons of any kind (firearms, ammunition, air guns, knives (excluding hunting, pocket and knives related for academic or work purposes), bows and arrows, replicas of such, etc.), concealed or not concealed, with or without a concealed weapon permit on campus or on property controlled by the college, or in college vehicles. Sworn law enforcement personnel carrying out

their duties are exempt from this policy.

If any member of the community has an academic reason for needing to have a firearm on campus, that individual can apply for an exemption to this policy by making a request to the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer*. Firearms are defined as any gun, rifle, pistol, handgun, or device designed to fire bullets, BBs, pellets, or shots (including paint balls), or other projectiles, regardless of the propellant used and regardless of whether the device is functional or not.

C. Sexual Misconduct

College of the Atlantic's Discrimination and Harassment Policy and Title IX Policy and procedures can be found in their entirety on the website at: coa.edu/human-resources/title-ix.

To report sexual misconduct or to access support, resources or accommodations contact any of the following:

Immediate Assistance

- Student Life Emergency Line: 207-266-5890
- COA Emergency Line: 207-288-9001
- Bar Harbor Police: 207-288-3391
- AMHC Sexual Assault Services: 1-800-871-7741

Title IX Coordinator:

Puranjot Kaur, ext. 5614, pkaur@coa.edu

Chief Facilities and Safety Officer:

Dan Daigle, ext. 5690, ddaigle@coa.edu

Title IX Team Members:

Karen Waldron, *Faculty Member*, ext. 5727, kwaldron@coa.edu

Carrie Graham, *Director of Dorr Museum*, ext. 5638, cgraham@coa.edu

Dave Feldman, *Faculty Member*, ext. 5709, dfeldman@coa.edu

Palak Taneja, *Faculty Member*, ext. 5704, ptaneja@coa.edu

Sexual Misconduct Policy and Procedures:

College of the Atlantic's Discrimination and Harassment Policy prohibits acts defined as sexual misconduct including sexual assault-rape, sexual assault-unwanted sexual contact, sexual exploitation, interpersonal/relationship violence, sex/gender-based stalking, and sexual harassment. While COA utilizes different standards and definitions than the Maine State Code, sexual misconduct often overlaps with the crimes of rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, and domestic violence. Victims of these behaviors are protected

by federal laws, specifically Title IX (coa.edu/human-resources/title-ix), and the Clery Act, which mandates the contents of this report.

Reporting to Law Enforcement:

It is the policy of COA not to notify local law enforcement when sexual misconduct occurs, unless a victim wishes to do so or there is an emergency threat to health or safety. Complainants have the option to notify law enforcement directly, or to be assisted in doing so by campus authorities. If requested, campus officials can facilitate reporting to campus or local law enforcement, but may also respect a victim's request not to do so.

Complainants have the option to notify law enforcement directly, or to be assisted in doing so by campus authorities. If requested, campus officials can facilitate reporting to campus or local law enforcement but may also respect a Complainant's request not to do so.

In an effort to reduce the risk of sexual misconduct as well as the crimes of rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, and domestic violence occurring among its students COA utilizes a range of campaigns, strategies, and initiatives to promote awareness, educational, risk reduction, and prevention programming.

Education and Prevention:

It is the policy of COA to offer programming to identify and prevent domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault (including stranger and known offender assaults), and stalking each year. Educational programs are offered to raise awareness for all incoming students and employees, and are conducted during new student and new employee orientation. Programs and other campaigns offered throughout the year to all students and employees include messages regarding not just awareness, but also primary prevention including bystander intervention, and discuss institutional policies on sexual misconduct as well as the Maine definitions of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, and consent in reference to sexual activity. Programs also offer information on risk reduction that strives to empower victims, how to recognize warning signals and how to avoid potential incidents, and do so without victim-blaming approaches. COA engages in an informational/awareness poster campaign, provision of the Resource Guide for Community Members on Sexual Misconduct, annual mandatory student training, and community wide awareness events such as Take Back the Night. Programs are informed best practices and are evaluated on an ongoing basis for their effectiveness.

Bystander engagement is encouraged through safe and positive intervention techniques and by empowering third-party intervention and prevention such as calling for help, using intervention based apps, identifying allies, and/or creating distractions. Bystander empowerment training highlights the need for those who

intervene to ensure their own safety in the intervention techniques they choose, and motivates them to intervene as stakeholders in the safety of the community when others might choose to be bystanders. Our bystander intervention training is offered on an annual basis and is mandatory for students.

Reporting to College of the Atlantic:

In the event that sexual misconduct, gender-based violence, or the crimes of sexual assault, stalking, dating violence, or domestic violence do occur, COA takes the matter very seriously. COA employs interim protection measures such as no contact orders, or interim suspensions in any case where a student's behavior represents a risk of violence, threat, pattern, or predation. If a student is accused of sexual misconduct, other gender-based violence, or the crimes of rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, or domestic violence, they are subject to action in accordance with the Discrimination and Harassment Policy and the Title IX Policy on the COA website. A student wishing to officially report such an incident may do so by contacting the *Title IX Coordinator*, Puranjot Kaur, or any member of the Title IX Team. Anyone with knowledge about sexual misconduct, gender-based violence, or the crimes of rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, or domestic violence is encouraged to report it immediately. Protective measures for victims are available from the campus whether or not a victim chooses to report to local law enforcement or campus public safety, and irrespective of whether a victim pursues a formal complaint through COA's complaint procedure.

Immediate Care and Preservation of Evidence:

If you are the victim of sexual misconduct, gender-based violence, or the crimes of rape, acquaintance rape, sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, or domestic violence, some or all of these safety suggestions may guide you after an incident has occurred:

- Go to a safe place and speak with someone you trust. Tell this person what happened. We encourage everyone to report, but particularly if there is any immediate danger, contact the COA emergency line (207-288-9001) or the Student Life Emergency Line (207-266-5890) if you are on campus or call 911 if you are off campus.
- Consider securing immediate professional support (e.g., counseling, victim advocacy, medical services, etc.) to assist you in the crisis.
- Campus counselors are a confidential resource and appointments can be made using the online scheduling website. Emergency appointments can be arranged by consulting with Barbara Conry (ext. 5671, bconry@coa.edu) by contacting the Student Life Emergency Line (207-266-5890) or by contacting counselors directly. Confidential support and guidance is also available through our community partner, Sexual Assault Services AMHC by calling 1-800-871-7741.
- For your safety and well-being, immediate medical attention is encouraged. Further, being examined as soon as possible, ideally within 120 hours, is

important in the case of rape or sexual assault. Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners are available at Mt. Desert Island Hospital and they will ensure you receive proper care. The hospital will arrange for a specific medical examination at no charge or can work with you to arrange state reimbursement.

- It can be helpful to preserve evidence, even if you are not sure you want to proceed with either reporting to the police or taking campus actions. Gathering evidence simply means you have more options later if you choose to exercise them. The following points are offered to assist you if you choose to collect evidence for immediate or later use. To preserve evidence, it is recommended that you do not wash or shower, eat, drink, smoke, brush your teeth, use the bathroom, or change clothes before receiving medical attention. Even if you have already taken any of these actions, you are still encouraged to have prompt medical care, and evidence may still be recoverable.
- Typically, if police are involved or will be involved, they will obtain evidence from the scene, and it is best to leave things undisturbed until their arrival. They will gather bedding, linens or unlaundered clothing, and any other pertinent articles that may be used for evidence. It is best to allow police to secure items in evidence containers, but if you are involved in transmission of items of evidence, such as to the hospital, secure them in a clean *paper* bag or clean sheet to avoid contamination.
- If you have physical injuries, photograph or have them photographed, with a date stamp on the photo.
- Record the names of any witnesses and their contact information. This information may be helpful as proof of a crime, to obtain an order of protection, or to offer proof of a campus policy violation.
- Try to memorize details (e.g., physical description, names, license plate number, car description, etc.), or even better, write notes to remind you of details, if you have time and the ability to do so.
- If you obtain external orders of protection (e.g., restraining orders, injunctions, protection from abuse), please notify the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* and/or the *Title IX Coordinator* so that those orders can be observed on campus.

Even after the immediate crisis has passed, consider seeking support from campus or local counselors, or AMHC Sexual Assault Services.

Contact the *Title IX Coordinator* if you need assistance with COA concerns, such as no-contact orders or other protective measures. The *Title IX Coordinator*, *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer*, or other members of the Title IX team will also assist in any needed advocacy for students who wish to obtain protective or restraining orders from local authorities. COA is able to offer reasonable academic support, changes to living arrangements, transportation resources or modifications, escorts, no contact

orders, counseling services access, and other support and resources as needed by a victim. COA is able to offer information about legal assistance, visa/immigration assistance, and student financial aid considerations for victims.

State of Maine Definitions:

The State of Maine uses the term gross sexual assault for the crime commonly referred to as rape. Rape is generally defined by states as forced sexual intercourse. It may also include situations where the victim is incapable of giving consent due to incapacitation by means of disability or alcohol or other drugs. Many rapes are committed by someone the victim knows, such as a date or friend.

Under Maine law, gross sexual assault is defined as a person engaging in a sexual act with another person and:

- The other person submits as a result of compulsion
- The other person, not the actor's spouse, has not in fact attained the age of 14 years.
- The actor has substantially impaired the other person's power to appraise or control the other person's sexual acts by furnishing, administering, or employing drugs, intoxication, or other similar means.
- The actor compels or induces the other person to engage in the sexual act by any threat.
- The other person suffers from mental disability that is reasonably apparent or known to the actor, and which in fact renders the other person substantially incapable of appraising the nature of the contact involved or of understanding that the person has the right to deny or withdraw consent.
- The other person is unconscious or otherwise physically incapable of resisting and has not consented to the sexual act

The above list is not a complete list. The complete Maine state statute for gross sexual assault, and also for unwanted sexual contact and unlawful sexual touching are available here:

<http://legislature.maine.gov/statutes/17-A/title17-Ach11secO.html>

Other Sexual Offenses:

In Maine, stalking is defined as a person intentionally or knowingly engages in a course of conduct directed at or concerning a specific person that would cause a reasonable person:

- To suffer serious inconvenience or emotional distress
- To fear bodily injury or to fear bodily injury to a close relation
- To fear death or to fear death of a close relation
- To fear damage or destruction to or tampering with property; or
- To fear injury to or the death of an animal owned by or in the possession

and control of that specific person.

Complete text of the statute can be found here:

<http://legislature.maine.gov/legis/statutes.17-A/title17-Asec210-A.html>

Additionally Maine State Law defines domestic violence assault, domestic violence criminal threatening, domestic violence terrorizing, domestic violence, staking, domestic violence reckless conduct. The complete text of those statutes can be found here:

<http://legislature.maine.gov/legis/statutes/17-A/title17-Ach9sec0.html>

COA Sexual Misconduct Definitions:

- 1. Effective Consent:** Effective consent means words or actions that show an unambiguous, voluntary, and knowing agreement to engage in mutually agreed-upon sexual activity. Effective consent can only be given by a person with the capacity to do so and who has not been forced into doing so. The following guidance is offered to further understanding of the definition of effective consent:
 - a. Effective consent can be given by word or action, but verbal consent is usually the clearest.
 - b. Effective consent to some form of sexual activity cannot be automatically taken as consent to any other form of sexual activity or the same activity again.
 - c. Silence—without actions clearly demonstrating permission—cannot be assumed to show consent.
 - d. Previous sexual encounters with or prior consent from the same partner(s) cannot be assumed to imply consent to future sexual acts.
 - e. Effective consent given prior to or during an encounter does not preclude consent being withdrawn later in that same encounter.
 - f. Effective consent needs to be obtained each time partners engage in sexual activity.
 - g. Certain states have a designated minimum age under which a person cannot give effective consent.
- 2. Sex and/or Gender-Based Harassment:** Sex and/or Gender-Based Harassment is conduct on the basis of sex and/or gender that satisfies one or more of the following:
 - a. Sexual Harassment:**
 - i. **Quid Pro Quo Harassment:** Quid Pro Quo Harassment occurs when an employee conditions educational benefits on participation in unwelcome sexual conduct.
 - ii. **Hostile Environment:** Sexual Harassment is unwelcome conduct that a reasonable person would determine is so

severe, pervasive, or objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the College's education program or activity.

3. Sexual Exploitation: Sexual exploitation occurs when a person takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for one's own advantage or benefit, or to benefit or advantage anyone other than the one being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of other sexual misconduct offenses. Sexual exploitation includes, but is not limited to:

- a. Invasion of sexual privacy
- b. Prostituting another student
- c. Non-consensual video, audio, or any other methods of recording sexual activity
- d. Non-consensual distribution of any form of recording of sexual activity
- e. Non-consensual digital or online sexual behavior
- f. Engaging in voyeurism without the consent of the parties having sex
- g. Knowingly transmitting an STI or HIV to another student
- h. Exposing one's genitals in non-consensual circumstances
- i. Inducing another to expose their genitals

4. Sexual Assault: Sexual Assault is any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent, including:

- a. **Rape:** Rape is vaginal or anal penetration, however slight, with a body part or object, or oral penetration involving mouth to genital contact.
- b. **Criminal Sexual Contact:** Criminal Sexual Contact is the intentional touching of the clothed or unclothed body parts without consent of the Complainant for the purpose of sexual degradation, sexual gratification, or sexual humiliation. Criminal Sexual Contact also includes the forced touching by the Complainant of the Respondent's clothed or unclothed body parts, without consent of the Complainant for the purpose of sexual degradation, sexual gratification, or sexual humiliation. This offense includes instances where the Complainant is incapable of giving consent because of age or incapacity due to temporary or permanent mental or physical impairment or intoxication for the purpose of sexual degradation, sexual gratification, or sexual humiliation.
- c. **Incest:** Incest is non-forcible sexual intercourse between people who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited. In the State of Maine, a person may not marry that person's parent, grandparent, child, grandchild, sibling, nephew, niece, aunt, or uncle.
- d. **Statutory Rape:** Statutory Rape is non-forcible sexual intercourse

with a person who is under the statutory age of consent. In the State of Maine, consent cannot be given by minors who are 14 or 15, if the actor is at least 5 years older than the minor. Consent cannot be given by minors under 14 years of age, regardless of the age of the Respondent. For this reason, any sexual act with an individual under 14 years of age is considered a felony

5. **Dating Violence:** Dating Violence is any violence committed by a person who is or has been in the social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on consideration of the following factors: the length of the relationship; the type of relationship; the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
6. **Domestic Violence:** Domestic Violence includes any felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under Maine domestic or family violence laws, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of Maine.
7. **Sex or Gender-Based Stalking:** Sex or Gender-Based Stalking is engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for their safety or the safety of others, or suffer substantial emotional distress.
8. **Incapacity:** Incapacity is the lack of ability to make rational, reasonable decisions because the individual lacks the capacity to give knowing consent (e.g., to understand the "who," "what," "when," "where," or "how" of their sexual interaction). A person may be incapacitated because of consumption of drugs and/or alcohol; mental or physical disability; being asleep; a lack of consciousness; and/or lack of awareness that sexual activity is occurring. When drugs or alcohol are involved, incapacitation is a state beyond impairment or intoxication and involves an assessment of the person's decision-making ability; awareness of consequences; ability to make informed, rational judgments; capacity to appreciate the nature and quality of the act; and/or level of consciousness. This assessment is based on objectively and reasonably apparent signs of incapacitation when viewed from the perspective of a sober, reasonable person.
9. **Force:** Force is the use of physical violence and/or the imposition on someone physically to gain sexual access and can also include threats, intimidation (implied threats) and coercion that overcome resistance or produce consent. The absence of resistance does not imply the absence of force.
10. **Coercion:** Coercion occurs when one person is pressured unreasonably for

and/or manipulated into sex and is clearly distinct from seduction. Coercing someone into sexual activity violates that person's agency and autonomy and is prohibited by this Policy in the same way as physically forcing someone into sex.

- 11. Retaliation:** Is any adverse action directed against a person as a result of that person's participation in an investigation or resolution of discrimination or sexual misconduct.

Consequences of Violating the Discrimination and Harassment Policy:

If the Respondent is found responsible for any Policy violations, the Title IX Coordinator will determine appropriate outcomes/consequences following the guidelines outlined in the Discrimination and Harassment Policy.

The Title IX Coordinator may consult with another appropriately positioned and trained College employee or external individual, who is free from conflict of interest and bias and who was not previously involved in the resolution process.

In addressing forms of prohibited conduct, COA aims to uphold community expectations of respect, the right to autonomy, and a campus environment that is safe for all.

Not all forms of prohibited conduct covered in the Discrimination and Harassment Policy will be deemed equally serious offences, and COA reserves the right to impose different consequences, ranging from a verbal warning to expulsion/employment termination, depending on the severity of the offense.

The Discrimination and Harassment Policy and Title IX Policy and procedures for addressing complaints can be found at this here:

coa.edu/human-resources/title-ix

Sexual Harassment:

Sexual harassment is a form of misconduct that is included in our Title IX Policy and our Discrimination and Harassment Policy and which undermines the integrity of the academic environment. It is the policy of COA that sexual harassment is prohibited. All members of the COA community, especially officers, faculty, and other individuals who exercise supervisory authority, have an obligation to promote an environment that is free of sexual harassment.

State of Maine Definition:

Sexual harassment is defined in the State of Maine as unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when:

- submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or

- condition of employment; or
- submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment decision affecting such individual;
- or such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating hostile or offensive working environment.

The COA definition is included in the definitions from our policy listed above. Any complaints or inquiries regarding sexual harassment of any community should be brought to the immediate attention of the *Title IX Coordinator*. COA will investigate such claims promptly and thoroughly and address them under either the Title IX Policy or the Discrimination and Harassment Policy.

If, for any reason, a community member wishes to report or inquire regarding sexual harassment, but feels it would not be appropriate to raise such issues with the *Title IX Coordinator*, the community member may inquire or complain to any member of the Title IX Team and such inquiries or complaints will receive a prompt and thorough investigation. If harassment is established, COA will take appropriate action and consequences will be implemented. Disciplinary action for violations of this policy can range from verbal or written warnings, up to and including immediate termination from employment or dismissal from COA for serious or repeated violations.

Sex Offenders:

In accordance to the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000, which amends the Jacob Wetterling Crimes Against Children and Sexually Violent Offender Registration Act, the Jeanne Clery Act and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, COA is providing a link to the Maine State Sex Offender Registry. All sex offenders are required to register in the state of Maine and to provide notice of each institution of higher education in Maine at which the person is employed, carries out a vocation, or is a student. <http://sor.informe.org/sor>

In addition to the above notice to the State of Maine, all sex offenders are required to deliver written notice of their status as a sex offender to COA's *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* no later than three (3) business days prior to their enrollment in, employment with, volunteering at, or residence at COA. Such notification may be disseminated by COA to, and for the safety and well-being of, the COA community, and may be considered by COA for enrollment and discipline purposes.

Campus Procedures for Addressing Sexual Misconduct, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, Stalking, Sexual Harassment, and Other Acts of Sex and Gender Discrimination:

For offenses including sexual misconduct or other gender based violence, which typically include the crimes of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual

harassment, sexual misconduct, and stalking, sanctions range from warning to expulsion. Serious and violent incidents and acts of sexual assault rape usually result in suspension, expulsion, or termination of employment. Lying to investigators can result in additional consequences under the Discrimination and Harassment Policy and the Social Misconduct Policy.

Supportive Measures:

Procedurally, when COA receives a report of sexual misconduct, gender-based violence, or other sex or gender discrimination, the campus *Title IX Coordinator* is notified. If the victim/survivor wishes to access local community agencies and/or law enforcement for support, COA will assist the victim/survivor in making these contacts. The *Title IX Coordinator* will offer assistance to victims/survivors in the form of interim or long-term measures such as:

- opportunities for academic accommodations;
- changes in housing for the victim/survivor or the responding student;
- visa and immigration assistance;
- changes in working situations;
- no contact orders;
- campus escorts;
- transportation assistance; and/or
- other targeted interventions

If the victim/survivor so desires, that individual will be connected with a counselor on- or off-campus, as well as with an advisor or off campus victim's advocate. No affected party is required to take advantage of these services and resources, but COA provides them in the hopes of offering help and support without condition or qualification. A summary of rights, options, supports, and procedures, is provided to all victims/survivors, whether they are students, employees, guests, or visitors. Supportive measures are offered equally to those accused of sexual misconduct.

Process:

When appropriate upon receipt of notice, the *Title IX Coordinator* will initiate a prompt, fair, and impartial process, commencing with an investigation, which may lead to the imposition of sanctions based upon a preponderance of evidence (what is more likely than not), upon a responding student or other accused individual. Procedures detailing COA's investigation and resolution processes can be found online here: coa.edu/human-resources/title-ix/policies. The Coordinator is ultimately responsible for assuring in all cases that the behavior is brought to an end, COA acts to reasonably prevent its recurrence, and the effects on the victim and the community are remedied.

All parties are entitled to a process which:

- Is prompt, fair, and impartial from initial investigation to final result, including

being:

- Completed within reasonably prompt timeframes, including allowing for the extension of timeframes for good cause with written notice to the parties of the delay and the reason for the delay;
- Conducted in a manner that is consistent with the institution's policies and transparent to the parties;
- Given timely notice of meetings at which the parties (one or all) may be present;
- Given timely provision to the parties and any appropriate officials of equal access to any information that will be used during informal and formal disciplinary meetings and hearings; and is
- Conducted by officials who do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against the any of the parties
- Is conducted by administrators who, at minimum, receive annual training on:
 - Issues related to dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking; and
 - How to conduct an investigation and hearing process the protects the safety of the parties and promotes accountability
- Allows all parties the same opportunities to have others present during any institutional disciplinary proceeding, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by the advisor of their choice
- Does not limit the choice of advisor or presence for any party in any meeting or institutional disciplinary proceeding; however, the institution may establish regarding the extent to which the advisor may participate in the proceedings, as long as the restrictions apply equally to all parties
- Provides for simultaneous written notification to all parties of:
 - The result of any institutional disciplinary proceeding that arises from an allegation of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking;
 - The institution's procedures for the parties to appeal the result of the institutional disciplinary proceeding, if such procedures are available;
 - Any change to the result; and
 - When such results become final
- Prohibits retaliation

The *Title IX Coordinator* is also responsible for assuring that training is conducted annually for all investigators, hearing board members, and appeals officers involved in the process that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability. Training will focus on sexual misconduct, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, sexual harassment, retaliation, and other behaviors that can be forms of sex or gender discrimination covered by Title IX and Clery Act. Training will help those decision-makers in the process of protecting the safety of the community and promoting accountability for those who commit

offenses.

The investigation and records of the resolution conducted by COA are maintained confidentially. Information is shared internally between administrators who need to know, but a tight circle is kept. Where information must be shared to permit the investigation to move forward, the parties will be informed. Privacy of the records specific to the investigation is maintained in accordance with the federal FERPA statute. Any public release of information needed to comply with the timely warning provisions of the Clery Act will not include the names of victims or information that could easily lead to a victim's identification. Additionally, COA maintains privacy in relation to any accommodations or protective measures afforded to a victim, except to the extent necessary to provide the accommodations and/or protective measures. Irrespective of state law or public records access provisions, information about victims is maintained privately in accordance with Title IX and FERPA.

In any complaint of sexual misconduct, sexual assault, stalking, dating violence, domestic violence, or other sex or gender-based discrimination covered under the federal law, Title IX, the person bringing the accusation and the responding party are entitled to the same opportunities for a support person of their choice throughout and to fully participate in the process, including any meeting, conference, interview, appeal, or other procedural action. The role of advisors is described in our procedure. Once complete, the parties will be informed, in writing, of the outcome, including the finding, the sanctions (if any), and the rationale therefore, delivery of this outcome to the parties will occur without undue delay between notifications. All parties will be informed of COA's appeal processes, and their rights to exercise a request for appeal. Should any change in outcome occur prior to finalization, all parties will be timely informed in writing, and will be notified when the results of the resolution process become final.

Both Title IX and the Clery Act provide protections for whistleblowers who bring allegations of non compliance with the Clery Act and/or Title IX to the attention of appropriate campus administrators. COA does not retaliate against those who raise concerns of non-compliance. Any concerns should be brought to the immediate attention of the campus *Title IX Coordinator*, Puranjot Kaur, and/or to officials of the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Emergency Response Procedures

A link to COA's current emergency plan can be found here:
coa.edu/emergency-info.

Protocol for obtaining emergency assistance when needed is as follows:

- A. Call 911 for access to local emergency responders (fire, police, ambulance)

- B. Call COA Emergency Line at 207-288-9001
- C. Call Student Life Emergency Line at 207-266-5890

Strong efforts are made to keep the community informed about situations that affect the health, safety, security, and operations of the college. Regular notices are sent by email to alert community members about health updates, weather alerts, and security bulletins. In addition COA has implemented a mass notification system (E2campus) that links email, computer pop-up, text, and voicemail messaging. This system is mandatory for employees and on an opt-in basis for students. The community will be reminded of the presence of the system on a termly basis. A test of the system (sending of a "test" message), arranged and communicated ahead, will be conducted at least once a year to ensure its function and saturation.

Timely Warnings:

The decision to send a timely warning is made on a case by case basis. The kinds of situations that would require a timely warning include those listed as Clery crimes in this report, and that present a serious or continuing threat to the campus community. In the event that such a situation arises, either on or off campus, then, the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer*, the *Dean of Student Life*, and/or the *President* (or their designees) will issue a campus wide "timely warning". The warning will be issued through any of the following: the college's mass notification system provided by E2campus, email, website, campus postings, dissemination through residence life systems or other appropriate methods.

Immediate Emergency Notifications:

Upon confirmation of a significant campus emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health and safety of the campus community we will initiate the emergency notification process to send an Emergency Notification. The group above will take into account the safety of the community, determine who needs to be notified, the content of the message and send notification unless the notification will compromise efforts to address the emergency.

To report an emergency situation:

- A. Call 911 (if deemed necessary)
- B. Contact COA emergency 207-288-9001
- C. Public Safety will determine the need to contact local emergency services, if not already contacted and will begin appropriate campus response, including possible evacuation.
- D. Contact the *Dean of Student Life*, if you anticipate a significant impact on any students.
- E. Those above will contact others as necessary to respond appropriately.

COA CARE Team:

The COA CARE Team is a cross-campus group dedicated to supporting students experiencing personal, emotional, social, or academic challenges. The team includes representatives from key areas of the college and works collaboratively to connect students with appropriate resources. Concerns about a student's well-being, behavior, or academic engagement can be submitted through the [CARE Team Referral Form](#), ensuring timely, coordinated, and confidential support. Immediate safety concerns should always be directed to 911 or COA Public Safety.

Evacuation Plan:

Where there is sufficient advance warning of a natural or human caused disaster and the College population is considered to be in immediate danger, timely and systematic evacuation may be required. Notice to evacuate a building will be communicated either by pulling an alarm or by sending notice through any of the available emergency communication systems utilized by the college.

1. Begin appropriate evacuation as necessary.
2. Evacuation Procedures
 - a. There is a designated Emergency Assembly Area for each building (see table below). If evacuation is required all will go to the designated Emergency Assembly Area for the buildings in which they are located.
 - b. Following an evacuation, no one should re-enter any buildings until officials declare the area safe.

Emergency Building Assembly Areas

Building	Primary Area	Secondary Area (inclement weather or significant disturbance)
Pottery Shed	North Lawn	Blair Dining Hall
Buildings and Grounds	North Lawn	Blair Dining Hall
Studios 5 & 6	North Lawn	Blair Dining Hall
Center for Human Ecology	North Lawn	Blair Dining Hall
Dorr Museum	Front Lawn	Blair Dining Hall
Arts and Sciences	Front Lawn	Turrets
Kaelber Hall	Front Lawn	Turrets
Blair Dining Hall	Front Lawn	Turrets
Gates Community Center	Front Lawn	Turrets
Turrets	Turrets Lawn	Blair Dining Hall
Cottage	Front Lawn	Blair Dining Hall
Blair-Tyson	Front Lawn	Blair Dining Hall
Davis Carriage	Lawn North of House	Elliot Study Space
Deering Common	Village Lawn Circle	Elliot Study Space
Village Housing	Village Lawn Circle	Deering Common
Seafox	Village Lawn Circle	Deering Common
Davis Center	Witchcliff Circle	Deering Common
Witchcliff	Davis Circle	Deering Common
Collins House	Front Lawn	Blair Dining Hall

E. Hazing Policy

College of the Atlantic is committed to maintaining a safe, inclusive, and respectful educational environment. Hazing is strictly prohibited under both federal and Maine state law, and this policy reflects our commitment to prevention, education, transparency, and accountability. Hazing is abusive, degrading, psychologically damaging, and may be life-threatening. It is unacceptable in all forms and has no place in the COA community.

Student groups and organizations are important contributors to a vibrant and positive campus life and are expected to act in accordance with college policy and to treat others with respect. Hazing by individuals and student organizations is prohibited in any form both on campus and off campus. COA's hazing policy complies with:

- The Stop Campus Hazing Act (2024), a federal law requiring higher education institutions to increase hazing education, reporting, and public transparency.
- Maine State Law Title 20-A §10004, which mandates hazing prevention policies and disciplinary procedures at educational institutions.

Hazing Policy Definitions:

1. Hazing

- a. Any intentional, knowing, or reckless act committed by a person (whether individually or in concert with other persons) against another person or persons regardless of the willingness of such other person or persons to participate, that:
 - i. Is committed in the course of an initiation into, an affiliation with, or the maintenance of membership in, a student organization; and
 - ii. Causes or creates a risk, above the reasonable risk encountered in the course of participation in the institution of higher education or the organization, of physical or psychological injury. The following are non-exhaustive examples of conduct that causes or creates such a risk:
 1. Whipping, beating, striking, electronic shocking, placing of a harmful substance on someone's body, or similar activity;
 2. Causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confinement in a small space, extreme calisthenics, or other similar activity;
 3. Causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to consume food, liquid, alcohol, drugs, or other substances;
 4. Causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to perform sexual acts;
 5. Any activity that places another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words or conduct;
 6. Any activity against another person that includes a criminal violation of applicable local, Maine State, Tribal, or Federal law; and

7. Any activity that induces, causes, or requires another person to perform a duty or task that involves a criminal violation of local, State, Tribal, or Federal law.

2. Student Organization

- a. An organization at an institution of higher education (such as a club, society, association, athletic team, club sports team, band, or student government) in which two or more of the members are students enrolled at the institution of higher education, whether or not the organization is established or recognized by the institution.

Hazing Policy Scope:

COA's hazing policy applies to:

- All students, student organizations (recognized and unrecognized), athletic teams, and college-affiliated groups;
- All faculty, staff, and advisors involved in student activities;
- Activities occurring both on and off campus, and online; and
- Third-party affiliates acting on behalf of or under the direction of any college group.

Reporting Incidents of Hazing:

COA encourages the reporting of incidents of hazing and takes every such report seriously. It will investigate all reports diligently and thoroughly in accordance with Social Misconduct Policy and/or Sexual Misconduct Policy. Individuals found responsible for committing, soliciting, encouraging, directing, aiding, or recklessly permitting hazing to occur will be subject to disciplinary sanction that could include:

- Suspension
- Expulsion
- Rescission of permission for an organization to operate on campus property or receive any other benefit of affiliation with the institution
- Other appropriate disciplinary action

These sanctions shall be in addition to any other civil or criminal penalty to which the violator or organization may be subject.

A Note on Mandatory Reporting: Under Maine Law §10004, all college employees (including faculty and staff) who become aware of hazing must report the incident to the Office of Student Life or the Office of Title IX and Civil Rights Compliance.

Any person may report hazing in person, by telephone or by electronic mail, using the contact information listed below:

Josh Luce, *Dean of Student Life*
jluce@coa.edu
207.801.5670

Maya Caines, *Director of Residence Life & the Student Experience*
mcaines@coa.edu
207.801.5676

Puranjot Kaur, *Title IX Coordinator*
pkaur@coa.edu
207.801.5614

COA will respect the privacy of reporters but cannot guarantee confidentiality for hazing reports. The information you provide to a non-confidential resource will be relayed only as necessary to investigate and/or seek a resolution and/or to comply with other appropriate COA policies and procedures, and any federal, state and/or local laws, rules and regulations. COA will limit the disclosure as much as possible, even if the institution determines that the request for confidentiality cannot be honored.

Individuals wishing to maintain absolute confidentiality can seek support from COA mental health counselors and nurses, the COA *Confidential Resource Advisor* (Pamela Gagnon da Silva, LCPC), from other mental health practitioners or clergy in town, or from various community partners. Campus counselors are available to help you free of charge. These people can offer you confidentiality, discuss options and offer advice without any obligation to tell anyone, except in instances of extreme health and/or safety emergencies.

Amnesty Related to Hazing Incidents:

COA recognizes that students are sometimes reluctant to report hazing activity, due to a fear of potential consequences for their own conduct. For this reason, the college has adopted an amnesty policy which states that a student who acts in good faith to report activity that may fall within the definition of hazing and/or a victim who cooperates fully as a witness in the investigation and disciplinary process may not be subject to social misconduct sanctions related to their own participation in hazing behavior and other behavior related to alcohol and/or drug violations, as determined by the college in its sole discretion.

In the event amnesty is granted for self-reported behaviors, if evidence is presented that the student has continued to engage in hazing behaviors or has knowledge of hazing activity that was not reported, they may be held accountable for past behavior. Students who choose to report and request amnesty for their own conduct should know that amnesty does not apply to any criminal or civil action that may be taken by any law enforcement agencies.

Investigation Process:

After a report is received, COA will quickly review the submission and determine the next appropriate actions. If a report is criminal in nature, Campus Safety and/or local law enforcement will be contacted. COA will also conduct its own investigation to prevent a recurrence of the alleged hazing and to determine if there are potential violations of applicable policies/processes depending upon the nature of the complaint.

Retaliation:

No person may intimidate, threaten, coerce or discriminate against any individual because the individual made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under this Hazing Policy and Procedure.

Complaints alleging retaliation may be filed according to the Social Misconduct Policy and/or applicable policies within the Employee/Faculty Manuals.

Education and Prevention:

In accordance with both federal and state requirements, COA will:

1. Require annual hazing prevention training for all students, faculty, staff, and student organizations.
2. Incorporate hazing education into student orientation and leadership development programming.
3. Provide special training for leaders of student groups, including skill building for bystander intervention, information on ethical leadership, and the promotion of strategies for building group cohesion without hazing.
4. Clearly post this policy and related resources on the college website and in campus handbooks.

Beginning on December 23, 2025, the college will publish a bi-annual Campus Hazing Transparency Report, available on its website, that includes:

- Organization name
- Date and nature of the hazing incident
- Investigation outcomes and sanctions
 - This log will maintain a rolling five-year archive.

Additionally, the college will comply with all annual reporting requirements to the U.S. Department of Education.

F. Missing Student Notification Policy

In accordance with language in the Higher Education Act (HEA) reauthorization, we are required to implement a policy outlining the process for reporting missing

students living on campus and detailing the notification of appropriate persons following such a report.

Any community member may file a report of a missing student with either the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* or the *Dean of Student Life*. All reports must be filed in good faith and with reasonable cause for concern. Those knowingly filing false or malicious reports will be handled through the existing process for social misconduct.

All students living on campus will be given the opportunity to identify a person to be notified in the unlikely event that a missing person report is filed. This information is collected as part of our Emergency Contact Form. This information will be kept confidential and will only be made known to the COA CARE Team and the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer*.

Reports of missing persons will be referred to and investigated by the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* with the cooperation of appropriate College of the Atlantic personnel including Student Life staff and Resident Advisors. If after investigation it is determined that a student has been missing for more 24 hours, then within the next 24 hours the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* (or his/her designate) will:

- Notify the person identified by the student for this purpose, if provided
- Notify a custodial parent or guardian if the student is under 18 years old and not emancipated
- Notify appropriate law enforcement officials

Part III: Fire Safety Information

Statistics for 2023-2025:

There were zero (0) fires reported in buildings or on property owned by College of the Atlantic. There were zero (0) personal injuries occurring from fire incidents. There was no property damage as a result of a fire. There were twenty-six (26) false alarms recorded at the main campus during the academic year.

Fire Safety Systems and Maintenance in Campus Housing:

Each residence on campus is equipped with fire detection systems. Detection systems are hardwired and will send a signal to a monitoring company which notifies the local fire department and COA public safety personnel. Both local fire and COA public safety respond to all notifications through the alarm system. The Public Safety Department will, on a regular basis, monitor and maintain all fire extinguishers, heat and smoke sensing devices, exit lights, and emergency lighting throughout the campus. The *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer*, in coordination with the Bar Harbor Fire Chief, will determine the schedule for supervised fire drills in the residence halls. Drills will be supervised and documented by the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer*.

Policies for Community Fire Education:

All students living on campus participate in an annual informational session with the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* regarding fire safety policies and procedures. Student residences are subject to an annual fire safety inspection. Information regarding fire safety regulations is available in the Student Housing Contract, which must be read and signed by all campus residents. Resident Advisors are responsible for enforcing fire code in the campus residence halls and students living on campus are informed of the disciplinary action and/or monetary penalty for violations of fire code.

Fire Safety Policy:

At COA, we recognize that fire safety is a critical shared responsibility. All members of our campus community must understand and adhere to fire safety procedures to ensure everyone's safety. If you discover or suspect a fire, pull the nearest alarm, evacuate immediately while warning others, and call emergency services (911) from a safe location. When a fire alarm sounds, leave the building promptly – *stay low if smoke is present, check door handles for heat before opening, and if exit routes are blocked, close doors, open windows, and signal for help*. Students, faculty, and staff must vacate any building when an alarm sounds, and failure to do so will result in disciplinary action and a \$50 fine.

To reduce fire hazards, specific items are prohibited in campus housing, including but not limited to:

- Candles
- Incense
- Paper lanterns
- Hot plates
- Toaster ovens
- Halogen lamps
- Extension cords/zip cords
- Space heaters
- Air conditioners
- Smoking paraphernalia (bongs, pipes, etc.)
- E-bikes

Additionally, nothing may be hung from ceilings or sprinkler systems, and tapestries and other wall decor must be securely attached to walls on all sides. Tampering with fire safety equipment, including smoke detectors, fire extinguishers, sprinkler systems, and exit signs, is strictly prohibited and carries severe consequences, including fines ranging from \$100-\$500, plus repair costs, and possible loss of campus housing.

All exits must remain clear at all times, and fire doors must never be propped open. The intentional activation of a false fire alarm or improper use of emergency doors is considered a criminal offense and may result in both legal charges and college disciplinary action. Violators will face fines and potential loss of campus housing privileges. Artwork and decoration can be attached to the walls, but cannot exceed 30% of the wall area in a room. Excessive mess poses a health and safety threat and may result in fines at the discretion of staff.

Those who fail to comply with violation notices/requests from college officials within 24 hours will have their belongings removed by COA staff.

Anyone wishing to utilize either of the two firepits on campus must receive prior approval from the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer* or designee. Only individuals affiliated with the college may request use of the firepits. Students must have a faculty or staff sponsor present during the event or until the fire is extinguished. Participation is limited to 10–12 individuals unless approved in advance.

Reporting a Fire in Progress:

All fires should be reported by dialing 911 to alert the fire department and then contacting the COA Emergency Line: 207-288-9001 and the *Chief Facilities and Safety Officer*.

Addendum 2025

Crime Statistics not reportable to the federal government based on government definitions and geographical restraints.

These numbers include reports of incidents received in the last year that were not previously represented.

Category	Number of Reports
Sexual Misconduct - Not Otherwise Specified	3
Sexual Harassment	1
Alcohol - Providing a Place for Minors to Consume	0
Alcohol - Illegal Consumption by a Minor	0
Alcohol - Possession of Alcohol by a Minor	0
Criminal Mischief	0
Noise Complaints	0
Students on Social Probation	0